

Package ‘samplesize’

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Type Package

Title Sample Size Calculation for Various t-Tests and Wilcoxon-Test

Version 0.2-2

Date 2015-06-30

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Description Computes sample size for Student's t-test and for the Wilcoxon-Mann-Whitney test for categorical data. The t-test function allows paired and unpaired (balanced / unbalanced) designs as well as homogeneous and heterogeneous variances. The Wilcoxon function allows for ties.

License GPL (>= 2)

URL <https://github.com/shearer/samplesize>

BugReports <https://github.com/shearer/samplesize/issues>

NeedsCompilation no

Repository CRAN

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samplesize-package	<i>Computes sample size for several two-sample tests</i>
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Description

Computes sample size for independent and paired Student's t-test, Student's t-test with Welch approximation, Wilcoxon-Mann-Whitney test with and without ties on ordinal data

Details

Package:	samplesize
Type:	Package
Version:	0.2-2
Date:	2015-06-30
License:	GPL (>=2)
LazyLoad:	yes

n.ttest(): sample size for Student's t-test and t-test with Welch approximation

n.wilcox.ord(): sample size for Wilcoxon-Mann-Whitney test with and without ties

Author(s)

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References

Bock J., Bestimmung des Stichprobenumfangs fuer biologische Experimente und kontrollierte klinische Studien. Oldenbourg 1998

Zhao YD, Rahardja D, Qu Yongming. Sample size calculation for the Wilcoxon-Mann-Whitney test adjusting for ties. Statistics in Medicine 2008; 27:462-468

n.ttest	<i>n.ttest computes sample size for paired and unpaired t-tests.</i>
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Description

n.ttest computes sample size for paired and unpaired t-tests. Design may be balanced or unbalanced. Homogeneous and heterogeneous variances are allowed.

Usage

```
n.ttest(power = 0.8, alpha = 0.05, mean.diff = 0.8, sd1 = 0.83, sd2 = 2.65,
        k = 1, design = "unpaired", fraction = "balanced", variance = "equal")
```

Arguments

power	Power (1 - Type-II-error)
alpha	Two-sided Type-I-error
mean.diff	Expected mean difference
sd1	Standard deviation in group 1
sd2	Standard deviation in group 2
k	Sample fraction k
design	Type of design. May be paired or unpaired
fraction	Type of fraction. May be balanced or unbalanced
variance	Type of variance. May be homo- or heterogeneous

Value

Total sample size	Sample size for both groups together
Sample size group 1	Sample size in group 1
Sample size group 2	Sample size in group 2

Author(s)

Ralph Scherer

References

Bock J., Bestimmung des Stichprobenumfangs fuer biologische Experimente und kontrollierte klinische Studien. Oldenbourg 1998

Examples

```
n.ttest(power = 0.8, alpha = 0.05, mean.diff = 0.80, sd1 = 0.83, k = 1,  
design = "unpaired", fraction = "balanced", variance = "equal")
```

```
n.ttest(power = 0.8, alpha = 0.05, mean.diff = 0.80, sd1 = 0.83, sd2 =  
2.65, k = 0.7, design = "unpaired", fraction = "unbalanced", variance =  
"equal")
```

n.wilcox.ord

Sample size for Wilcoxon-Mann-Whitney for ordinal data

Description

Function computes sample size for the two-sided Wilcoxon test when applied to two independent samples with ordered categorical responses.

Usage

```
n.wilcox.ord(power = 0.8, alpha = 0.05, t, p, q)
```

Arguments

power	required Power
alpha	required two-sided Type-I-error level
t	sample size fraction n/N , where n is sample size of group B and N is the total sample size
p	vector of expected proportions of the categories in group A, should sum to 1
q	vector of expected proportions of the categories in group B, should be of equal length as p and should sum to 1

Details

This function approximates the total sample size, N , needed for the two-sided Wilcoxon test when comparing two independent samples, A and B, when data are ordered categorical according to Equation 12 in Zhao et al.(2008). Assuming that the response consists of D ordered categories C_1, \dots, C_D . The expected proportions of these categories in two treatments A and B must be specified as numeric vectors p_1, \dots, p_D and q_1, \dots, q_D , respectively. The argument t allows to compute power for an unbalanced design, where $t = n_B/N$ is the proportion of sample size in treatment B.

Value

total sample size	Total sample size
m	Sample size group 1
n	Sample size group 2

Author(s)

Ralph Scherer

References

Zhao YD, Rahardja D, Qu Yongming. Sample size calculation for the Wilcoxon-Mann-Whitney test adjusting for ties. Statistics in Medicine 2008; 27:462-468

Examples

```
## example out of:  
## Zhao YD, Rahardja D, Qu Yongming.  
## Sample size calculation for the Wilcoxon-Mann-Whitney test adjusting for ties.  
## Statistics in Medicine 2008; 27:462-468  
n.wilcox.ord(power = 0.8, alpha = 0.05, t = 0.53, p = c(0.66, 0.15, 0.19), q = c(0.61, 0.23, 0.16))
```

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